## **25 THINGS WITHIN AN ARCHITECT'S CONTROL**

- Use Smart Contracts for your own services, and

- Use Smart Contracts for your subconsultants' services

1.	- Insist upon an <b>adequate scope of services</b> to meet you
	professional mandate and <i>Duty of Care</i> to the public
2.	- Insist upon adequate fees for yourself and your subconsultants -
	sufficient to provide an adequate scope of servicesso you can meet your <i>Duty of Care</i> to
	the public
3.	with respect to:
	- Processstages, objectives, milestones
	- Time requirementsalmost always longer than a client imagines or wants
	- Costs, budgets, need for contingencies
	- Codesminimum adherence is the lawy, but you can do better, as long as the client
	agrees with doing better
	- Approvals by authoritiesare out of your control
4.	- Do NOT act as your own "amateur lawyer"retain a lawyer to assist you
	on contract and practice matters
5.	to a potential client or anyone else who
	is entitled to rely on your professional opinion and advice
6.	from potential clients, situations and circumstances that don't
	meet or threaten your own ethical and professional standards
7.	you say and do in the provision of your services - In writing!
8.	your client about the
	implications of his / her demands and your recommendationsrespectfully challenge your
	client
9.	- Be honest - always - even when your client doesn't want to hear it
10.	that:
	- are compatible with your role as a professional
	- do not expose you to additional liability beyond what is already yours "at law"
	- do not expose you to uninsured liability
	- do not expose you to liability that exceeds your \$ limits
	- Smart Contracts are: contract wordings provided by the profession specifically for the
	provision of architectural services, and those of their subconsultants, or are written by your
	own lawyer
11.	- Use your agreements for your services to serve
	your own interests and needs as a professional

12.	- like Client-
	authored contracts
13.	- To "fix" Client-authored indemnity Clauses
14.	you face in a professional service business.
	Protect yourself and your practice.
15.	for assessing potential new clients and projects
16.	- don't repeat prior mistakes
17.	provided to you by your Professional Liability
	Insurance Policy (If you need an incentive, reading your Professional Liability Policy counts
	as self-directed Con-Ed points.)
18.	actively, and through all phases of the
	work
19.	. Retain specialists where you lack experience or expertise:
	- Building Envelopehighest cost category for claims
	- Building Codecommon source of claims
	- CostsClient depends on you to respect their \$\$\$
20.	- don't accept contractual liability for the work
	of others as a "convenience" to a client
21.	in a Construction Contract
	that you will be administering. Insist on:
	- Consultant / Contract Administrator role <b>consistent with your scope of services</b> in
	your agreement with the client
	- Role consistent with <b>Architects Act</b> and <b>Regulation</b>
	- Dispute Resolution provisions that don't prejudice you / your insurer's ability to
22	defend you effectively (Exclusion 7)
22.	including the basis on which you are prepared to provide
22	your professional services
23.	
2.4	authored contracts
24. 25	
25.	